

Frank Schuhmacher

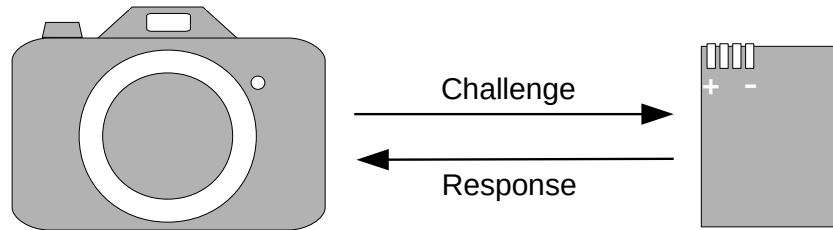
Canonical DPA attack on HMAC-SHA1/SHA2

Outline

- HMAC-SHA256
- New attack strategy
- Attack demonstration on the Bq27Z561 battery IC
- Alternative approach to accessory authentication

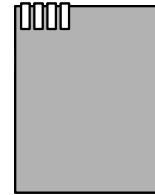
HMAC-SHA256

Authentication use case: battery counterfeit prevention



HMAC-SHA256

Authentication use case: battery counterfeit prevention

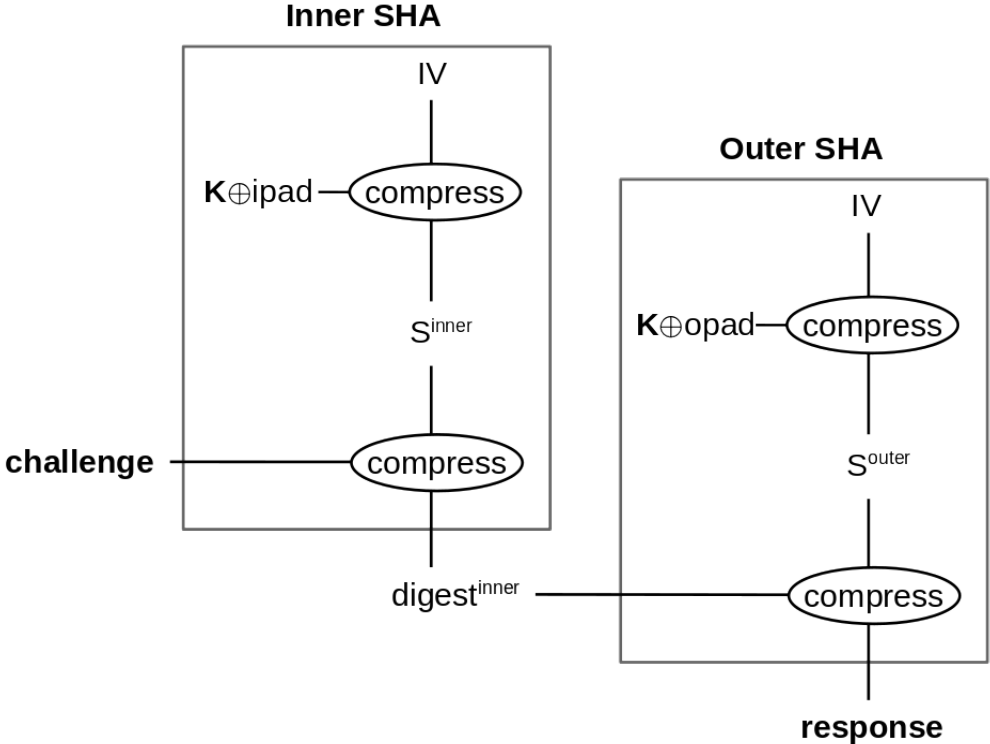


HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets

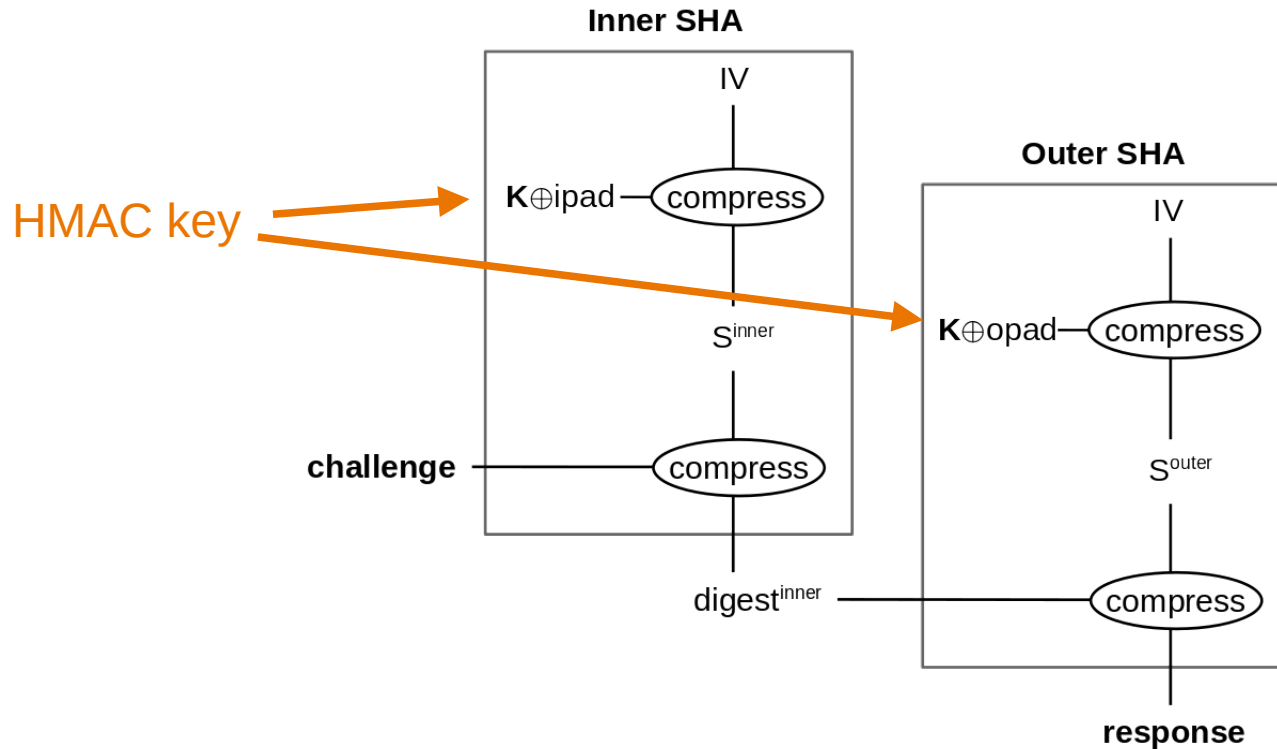
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



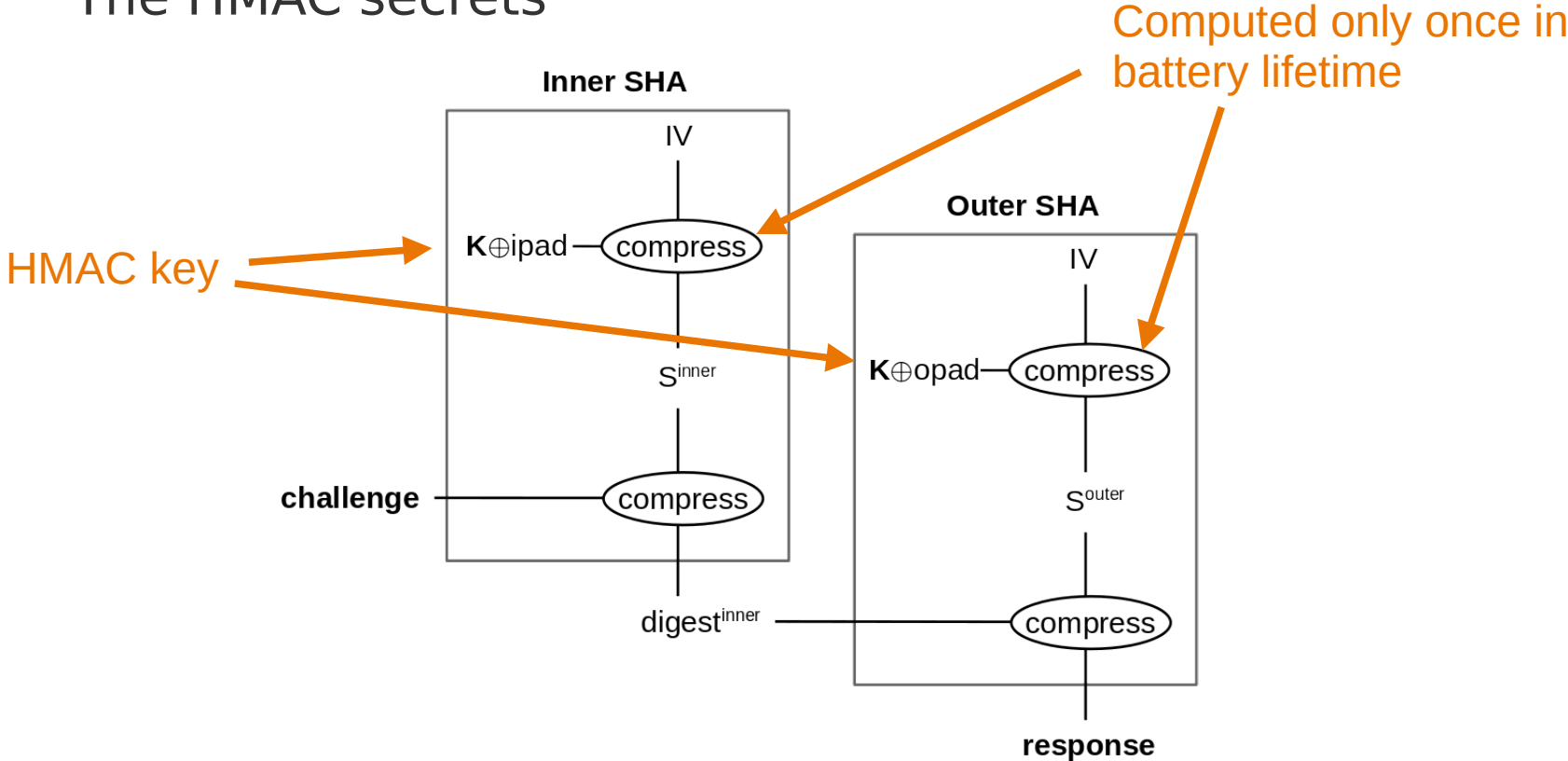
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



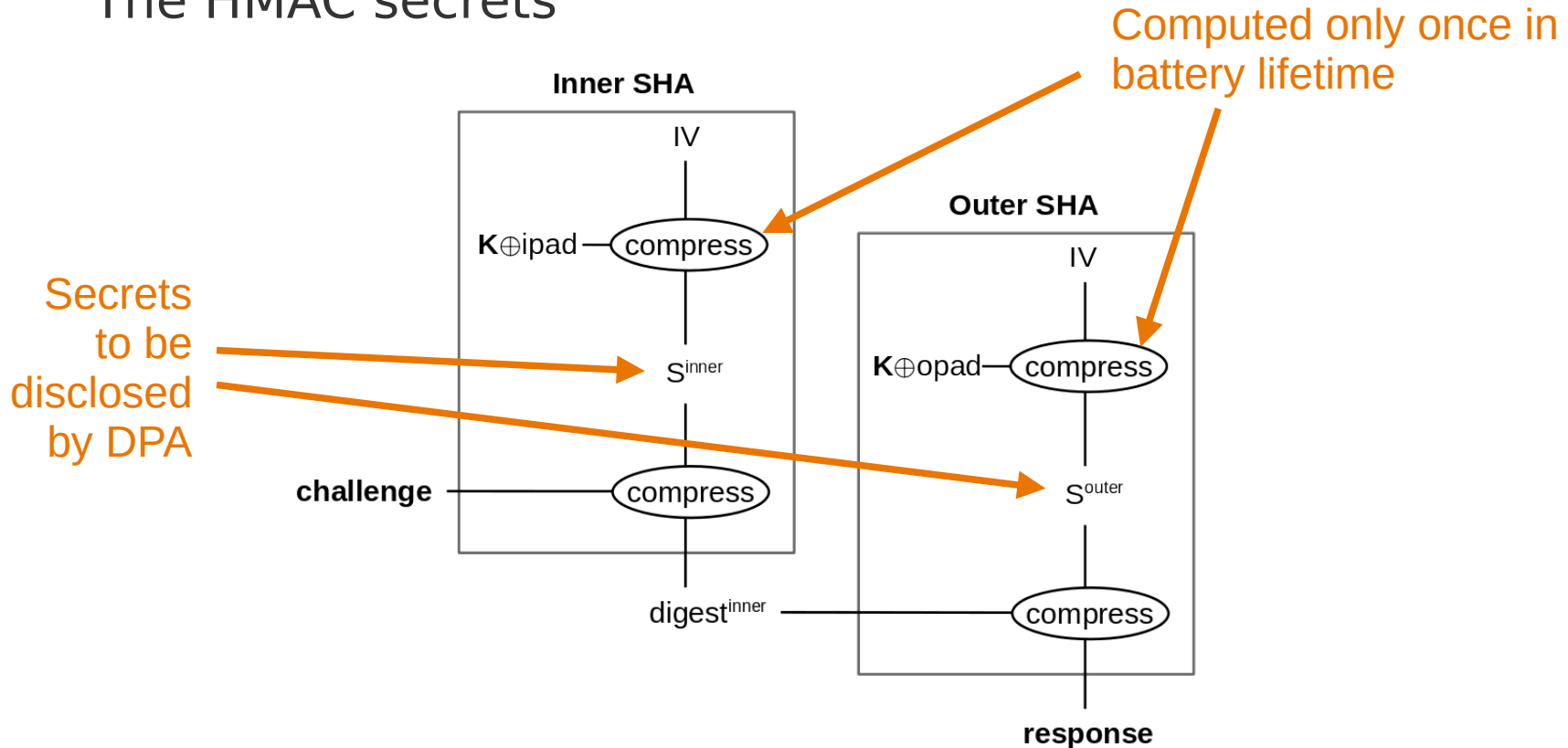
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



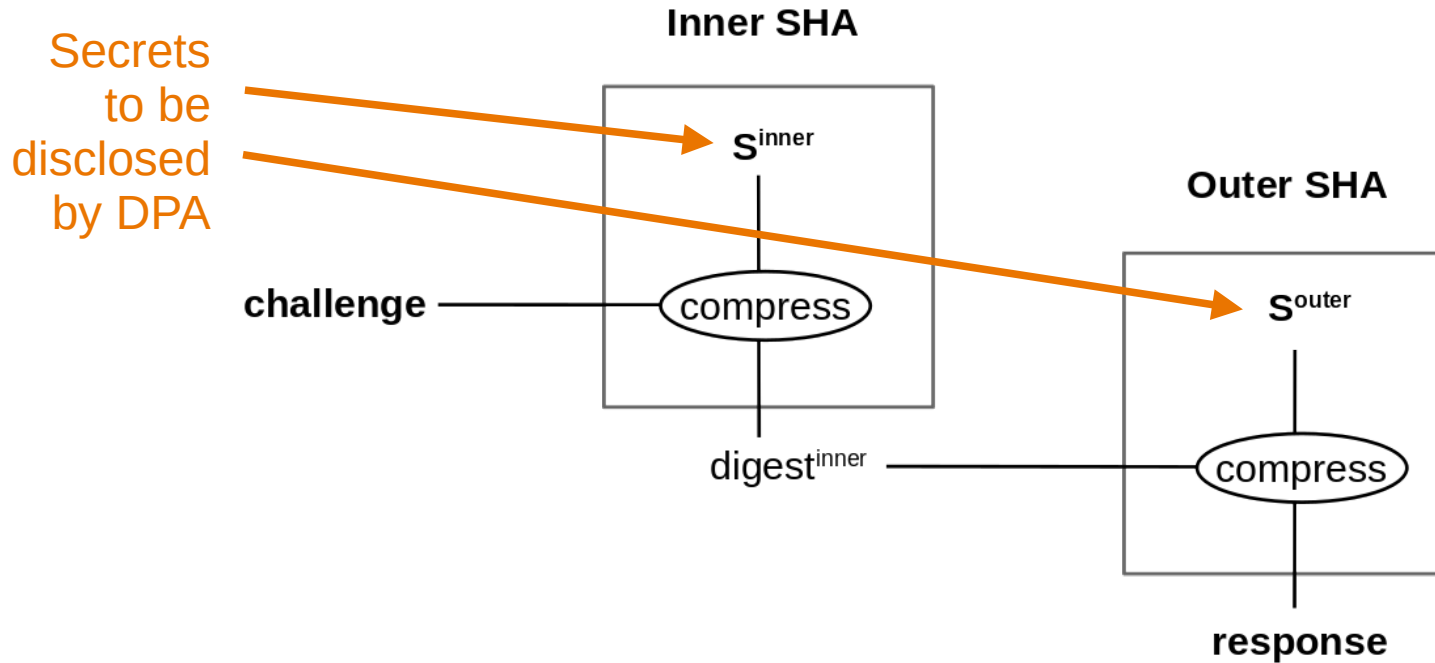
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



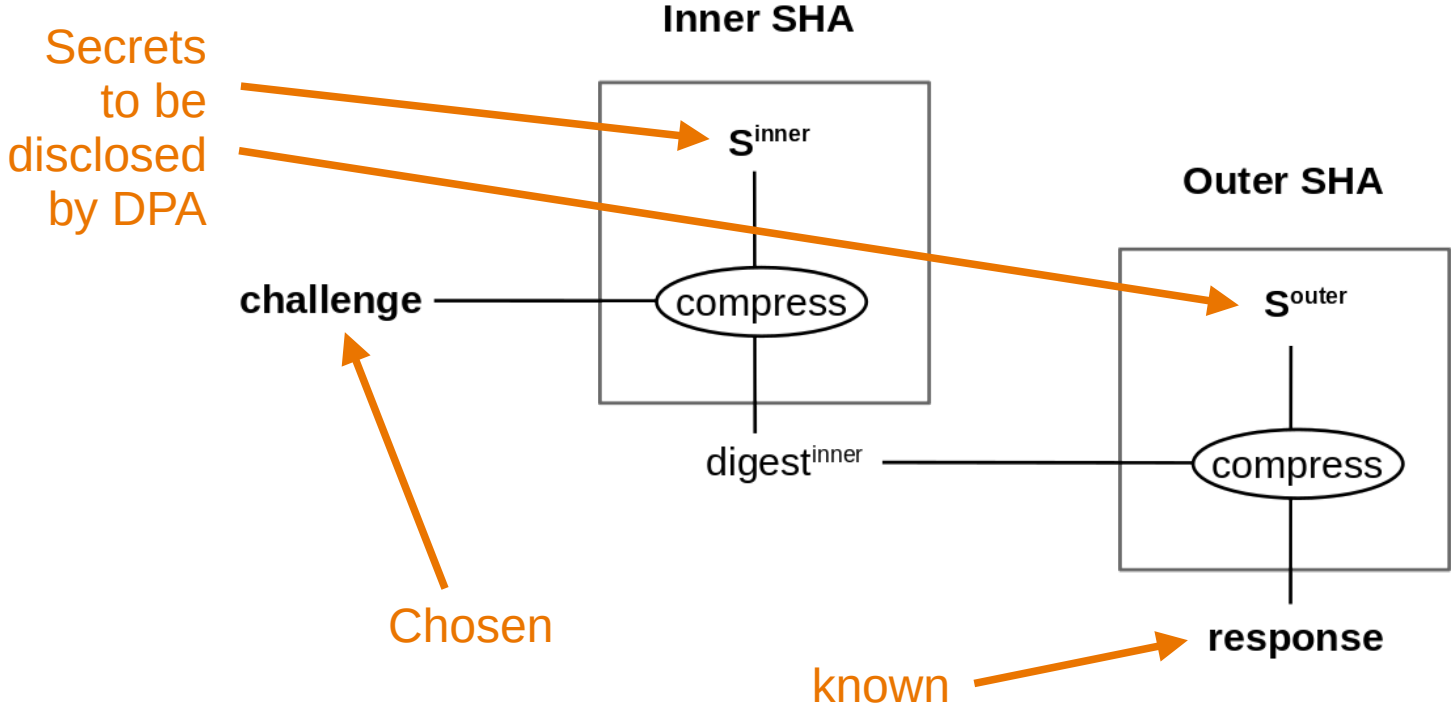
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



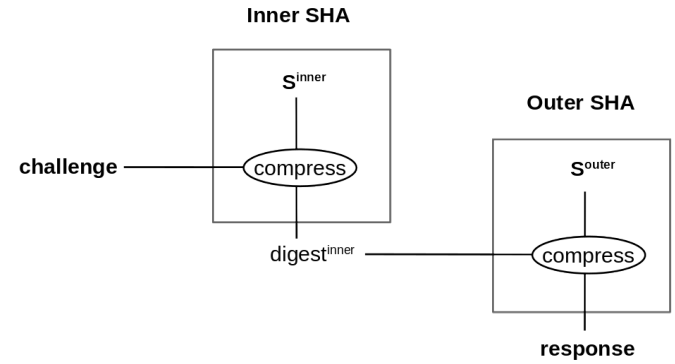
HMAC-SHA256

The HMAC secrets



HMAC-SHA256

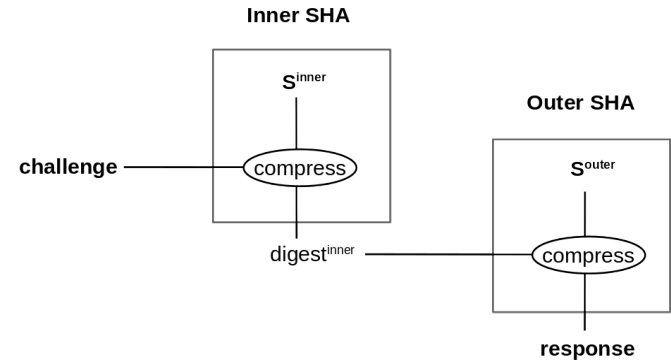
The compress function



HMAC-SHA256

The compress function

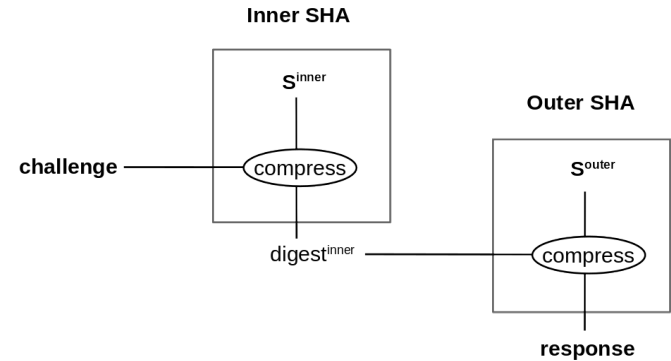
- 1 Extend **challenge** to 64 words.



HMAC-SHA256

The compress function

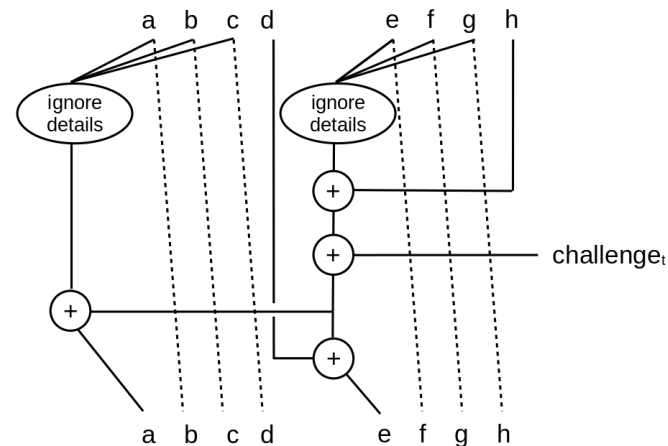
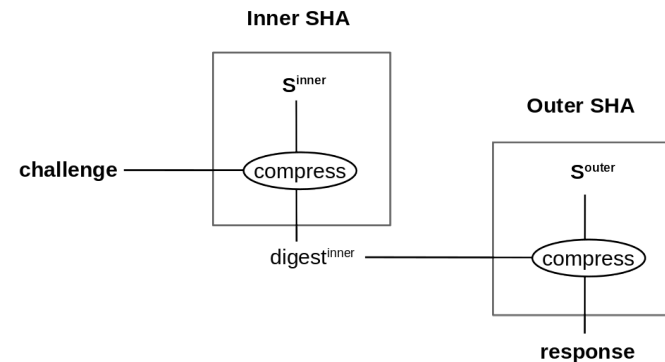
- 1 Extend **challenge** to 64 words.
- 2 $(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) := \mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$



HMAC-SHA256

The compress function

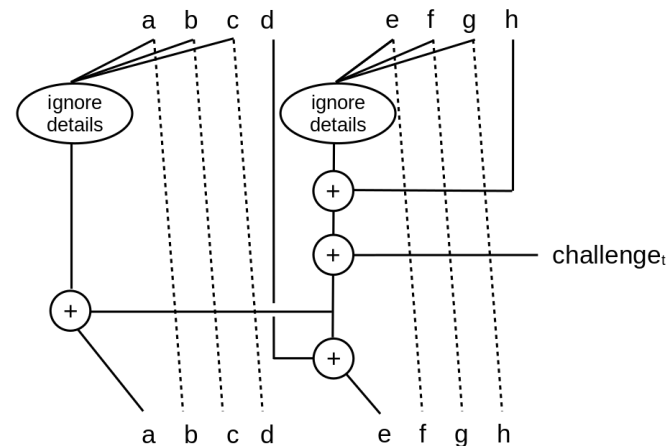
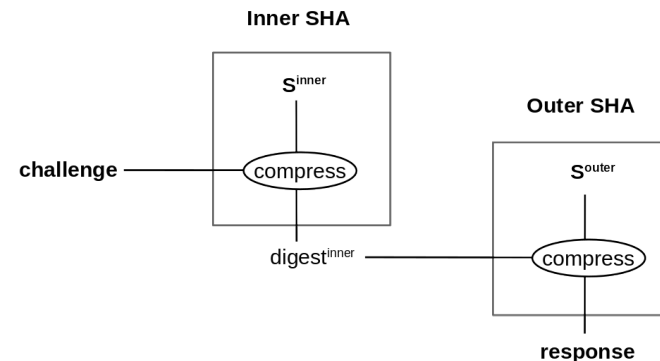
- 1 Extend **challenge** to 64 words.
- 2 $(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) := \mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$
- 3 Do 64 times:



HMAC-SHA256

The compress function

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- 2 $(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) := \mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$
- 3 Do 64 times:

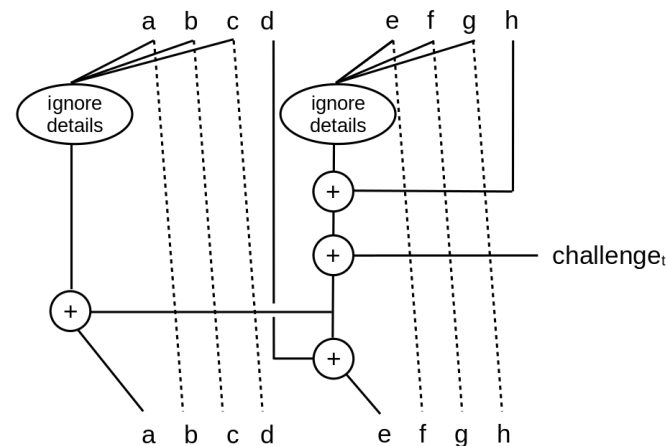
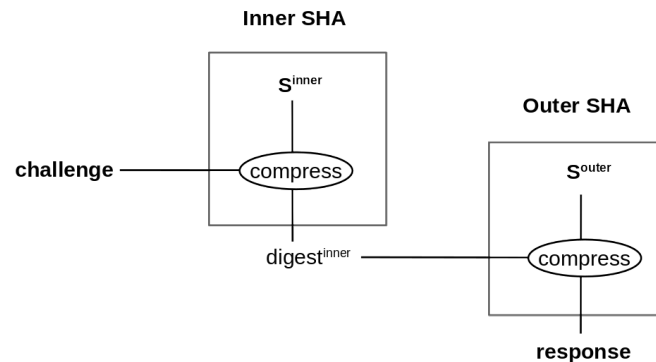


- 4 $\text{digest}^{\text{inner}} := (a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) + \mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$

HMAC-SHA256

Persistent versus ephemeral variables:

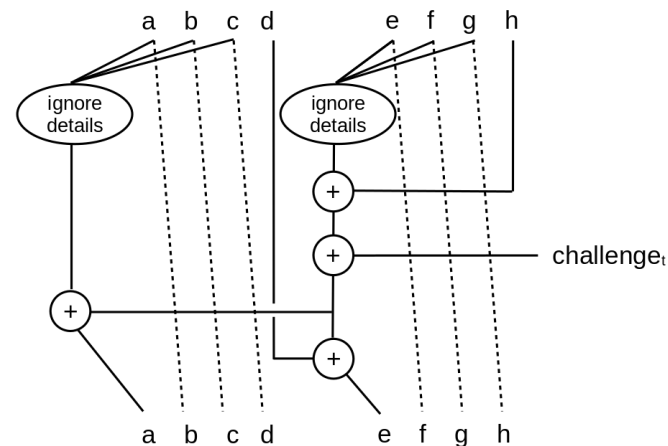
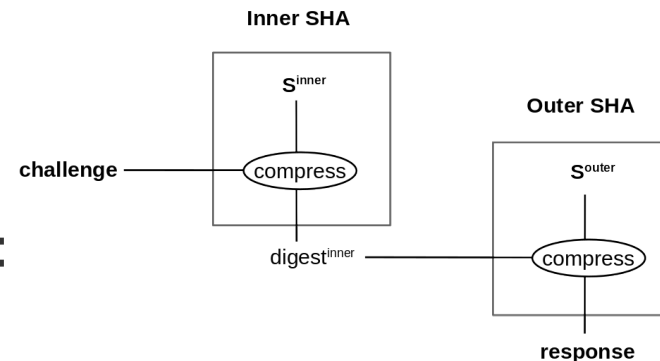
- a and e are persistent
 - $d_{t+3} = c_{t+2} = b_{t+1} = a_t$
 - $h_{t+3} = g_{t+2} = f_{t+1} = e_t$



HMAC-SHA256

Persistent versus ephemeral variables:

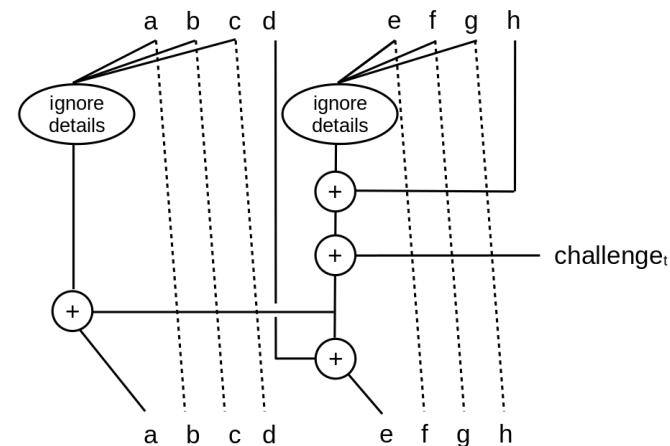
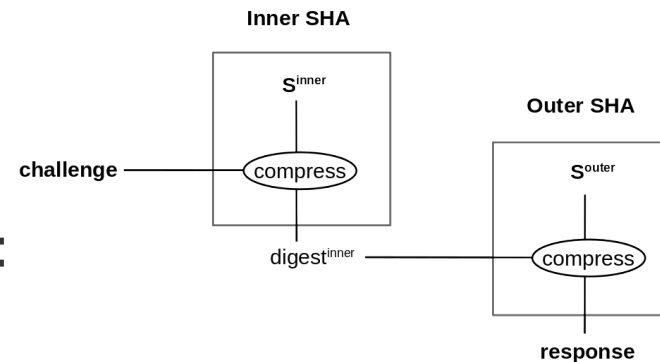
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- Intermediates of „ignore details“ are ephemeral



HMAC-SHA256

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 - $h_{t+3} = g_{t+2} = f_{t+1} = e_t$
- Intermediates of „ignore details“ are ephemeral
- Hamming distance is ephemeral

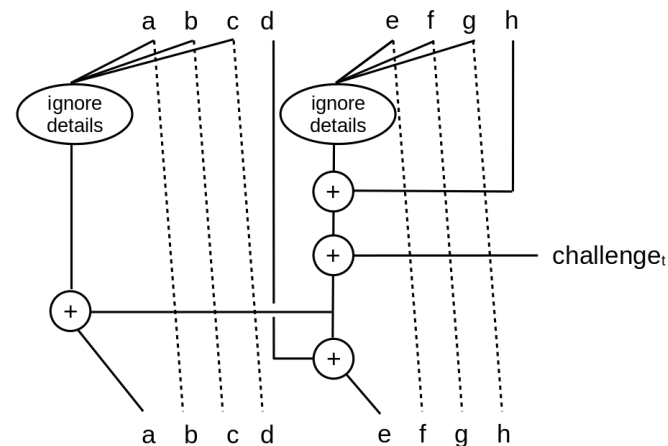
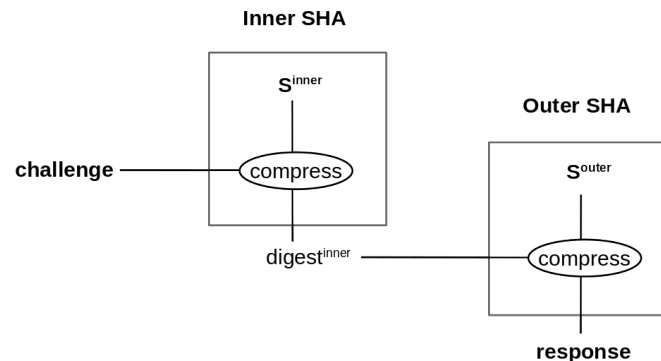


HMAC-SHA256

Persistent versus ephemeral variables:

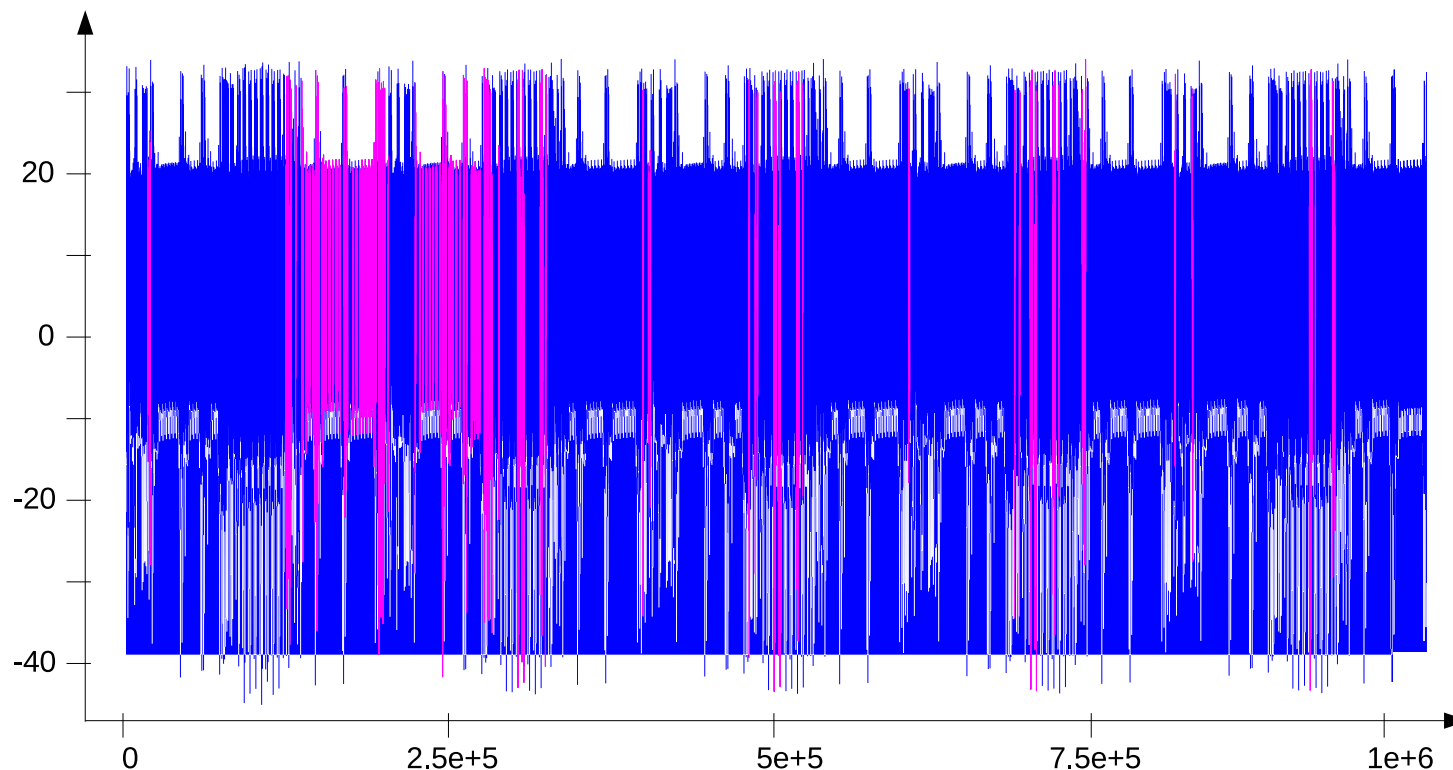
- a and e are persistent
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- Intermediates of „ignore details“ are ephemeral
- Hamming distance is ephemeral

NEW: DPA only targeting persistent variables



HMAC-SHA256

Example: Leakage of a_4 and e_4 in rounds 3...7



Outline

- HMAC-SHA256
- New attack strategy ←
- Attack demonstration on the Bq27Z561 battery IC
- Alternative approach to accessory authentication

New attack strategy

Leakage model:

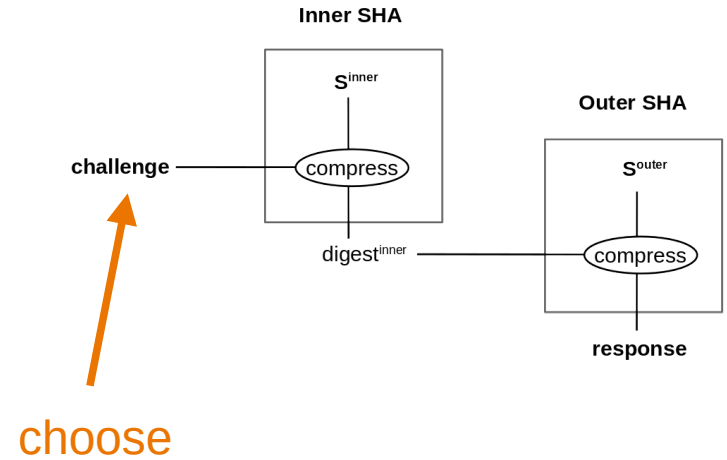
HW leakage of a_t, e_t for $t=1,2,3,4, 60,61,62,63$

Combine

- Known attack on $\mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$
- New attack on $\mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}$

New attack strategy

Known attack on $S^{\text{inner}} = (a_0, \dots, h_0)$



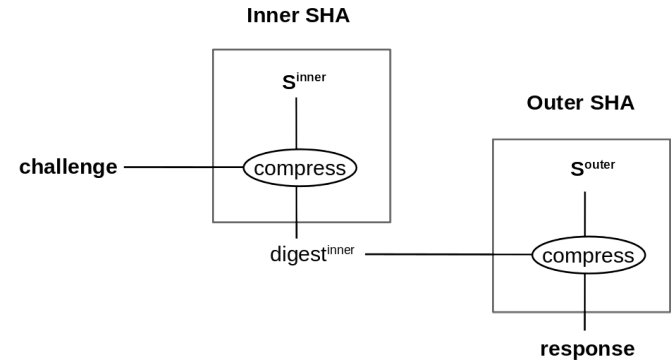
New attack strategy

Known attack on $S^{\text{inner}} = (a_0, \dots, h_0)$

- Targets:

$$a_t(0) := a_t(\text{challenge}=(0,0,\dots))$$

$$e_t(0) := e_t(\text{challenge}=(0,0,\dots))$$



New attack strategy

Known attack on $S^{\text{inner}} = (a_0, \dots, h_0)$

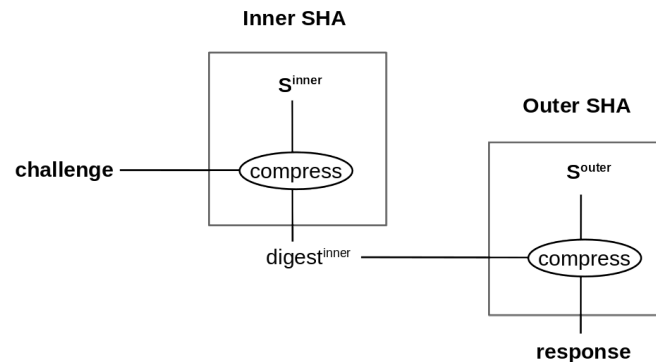
– Targets:

$$a_t(0) := a_t(\text{challenge}=(0,0,\dots))$$

$$e_t(0) := e_t(\text{challenge}=(0,0,\dots))$$

– 4 DPAs

- 1 DPA on $a_1(0)$ and $e_1(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(\text{random}, \dots)$
- 2 DPA on $a_2(0)$ and $e_2(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(0, \text{random}, \dots)$
- 3 DPA on $a_3(0)$ and $e_3(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(0,0, \text{random}, \dots)$
- 4 DPA on $a_4(0)$ and $e_4(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(0,0,0, \text{random}, \dots)$



New attack strategy

Known attack on $\mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}} = (a_0, \dots, h_0)$

– Targets:

$$a_t(0) := a_t(\text{challenge}=(0,0,\dots))$$

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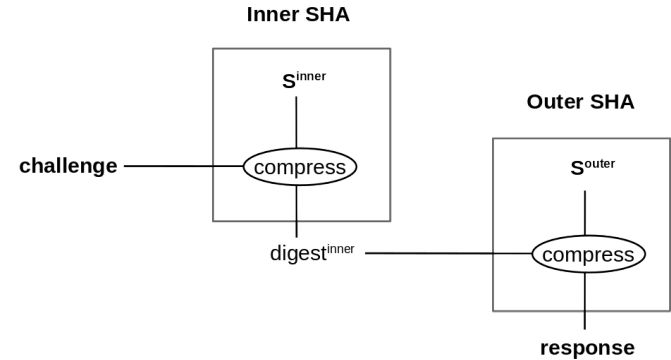
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3 DPA on $a_3(0)$ and $e_3(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(0,0, \text{random}, \dots)$

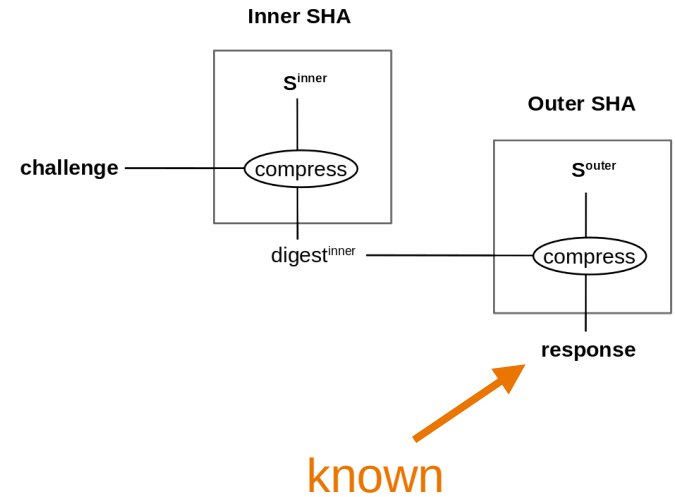
4 DPA on $a_4(0)$ and $e_4(0)$ with $\text{challenge}=(0,0,0, \text{random}, \dots)$

– Compute back $\mathbf{S}^{\text{inner}}$ from $a_1(0), e_1(0), \dots, a_4(0), e_4(0)$



New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

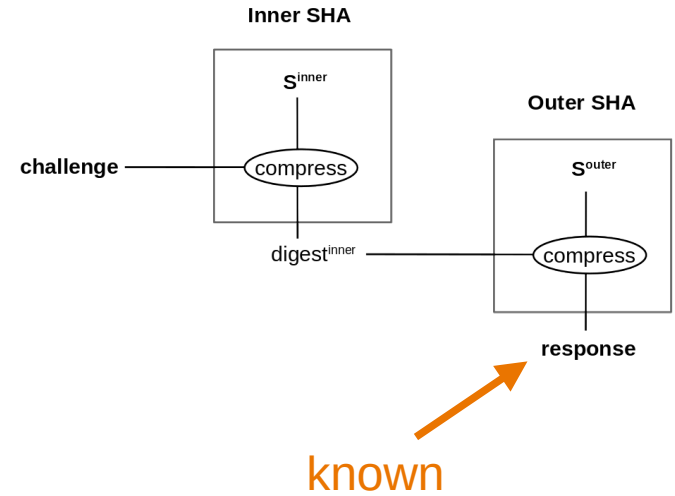


New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

- Final addition:

$$\text{response} = S^{\text{outer}} + (a_{64}, \dots, h_{64})$$



New attack strategy

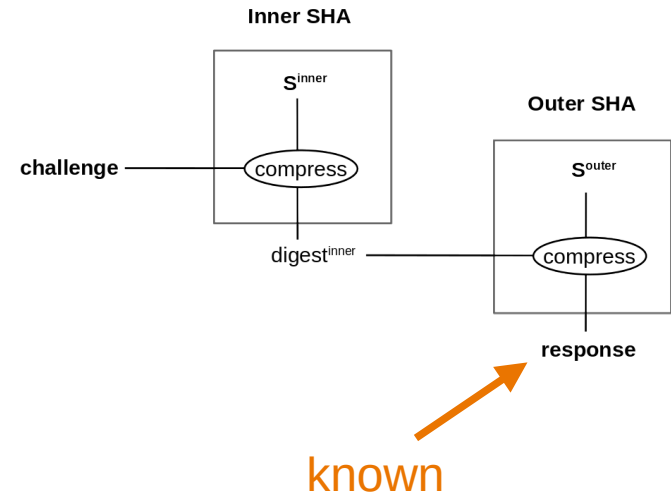
New attack on S^{outer}

- Final addition:

$$\mathbf{response} = \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}} + (a_{64}, \dots, h_{64})$$

- DPA attack on:

$$(a_{64}, \dots, h_{64}) = \mathbf{response} - \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}$$



New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

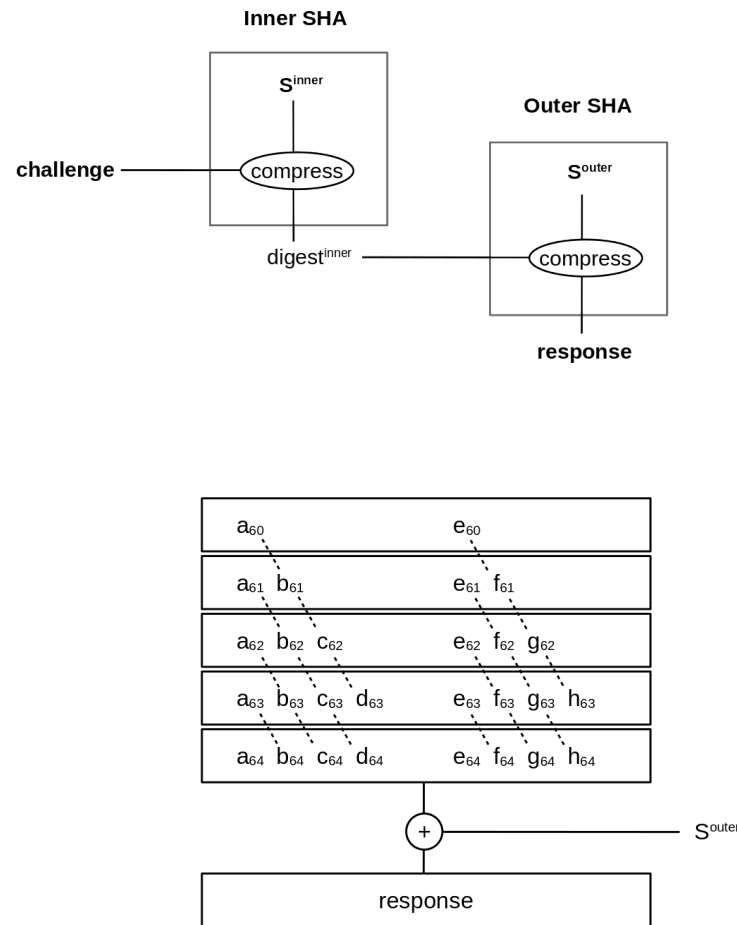
- Final addition:

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- DPA attack on:

$$(a_{64}, \dots, h_{64}) = \mathbf{response} - S^{\text{outer}}$$

Leaking in rounds
 $t=61, \dots, 63$



New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

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New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

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$$\mathbf{response} = \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}} + (a_{64}, \dots, h_{64})$$

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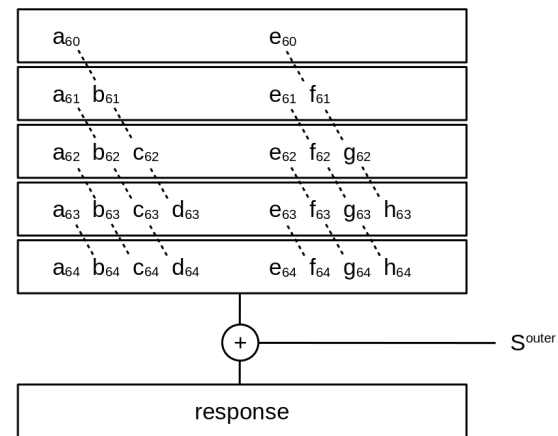
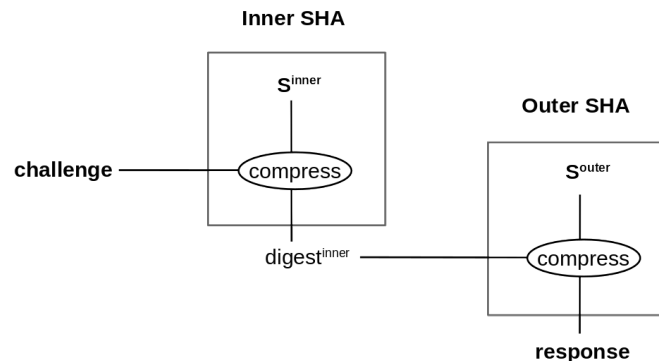
$$(a_{64}, \dots, h_{64}) = \mathbf{response} - \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}$$

$$a_{64} \text{ leakage} \Rightarrow \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}[0]$$

$$a_{63} \text{ leakage} \Rightarrow \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}[1]$$

$$a_{62} \text{ leakage} \Rightarrow \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}[2]$$

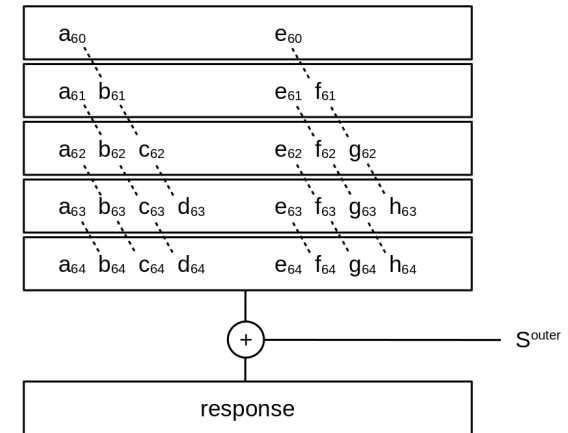
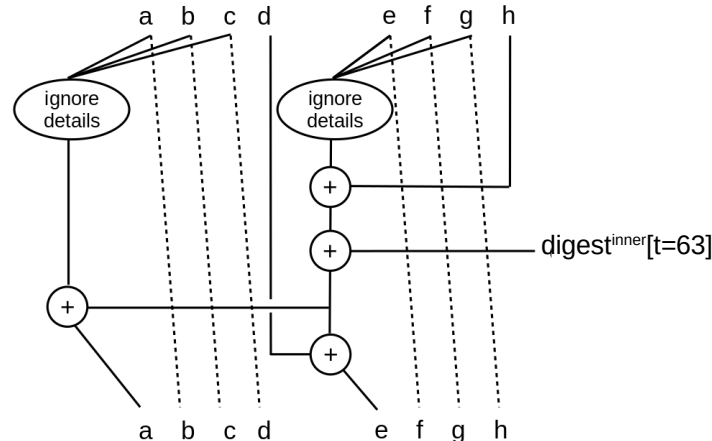
$$a_{61} \text{ leakage} \Rightarrow \mathbf{S}^{\text{outer}}[3]$$



New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

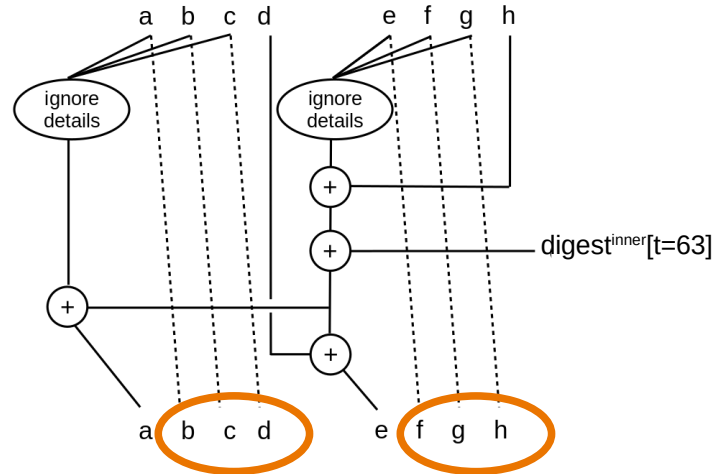
- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$:



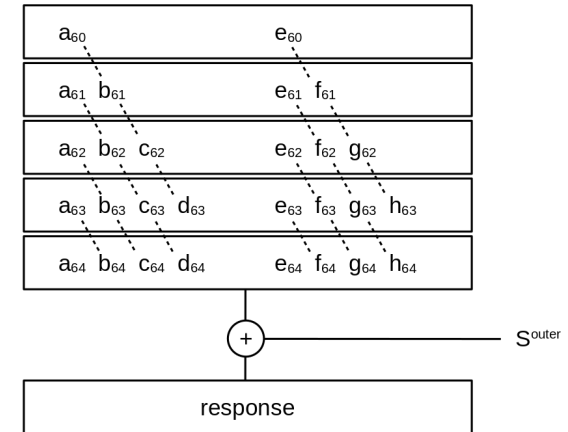
New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$



Known from
response - S^{outer}

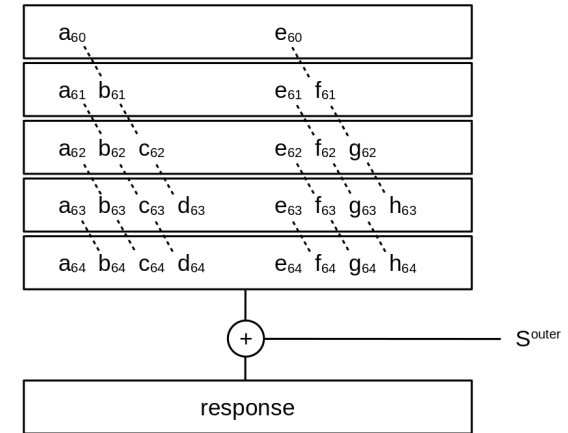
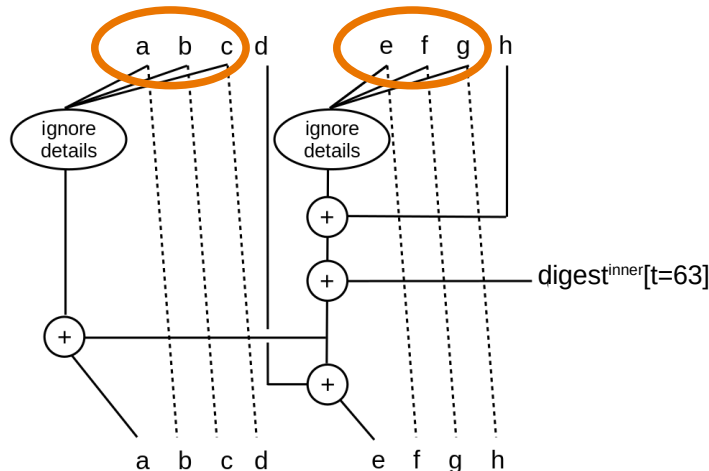


New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$

Known from response - S^{outer}

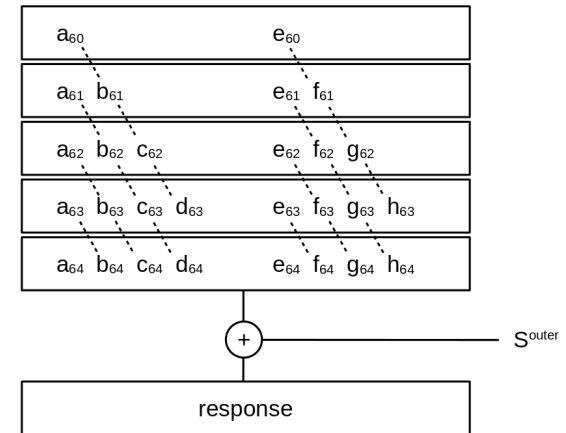
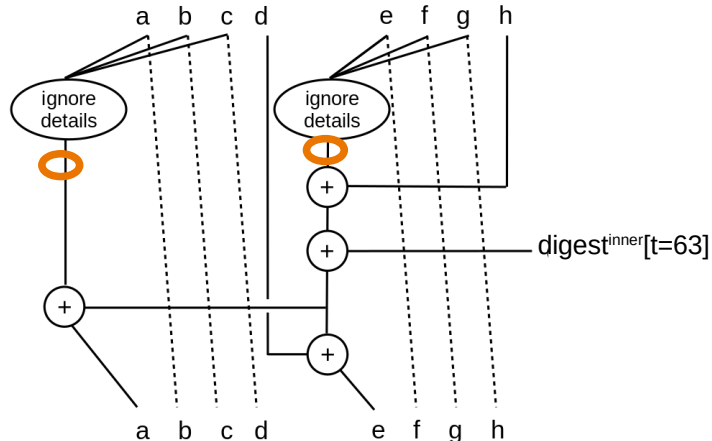


New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$

Known from response - S^{outer}

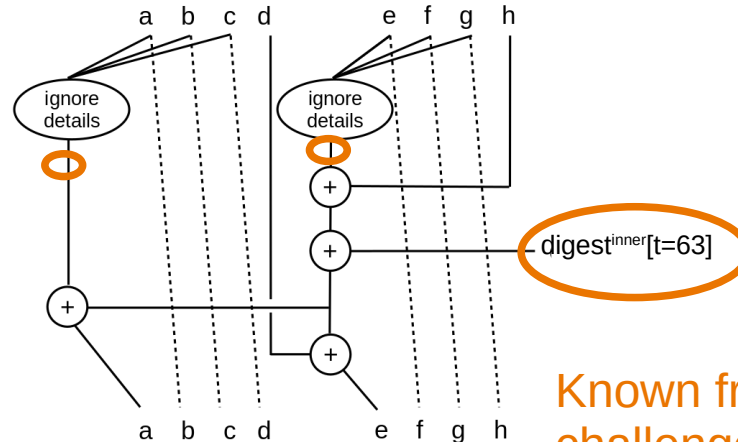


New attack strategy

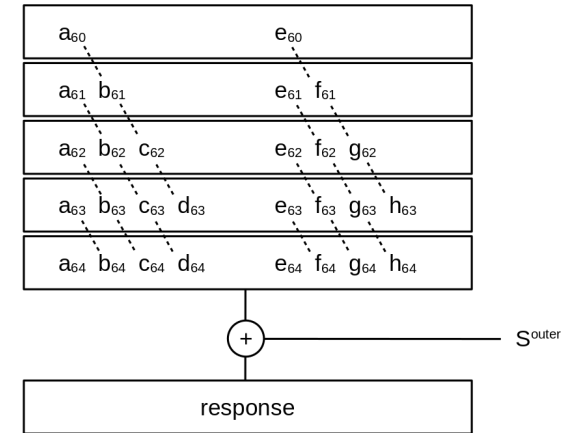
New attack on S^{outer}

- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$

Known from response - S^{outer}



Known from challenge and S^{inner}

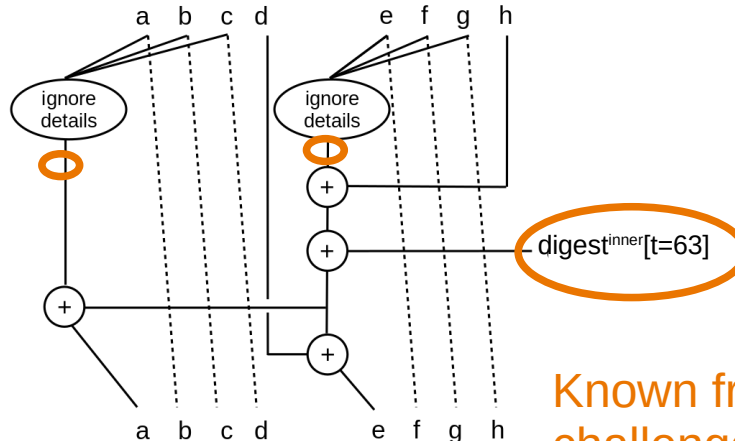


New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

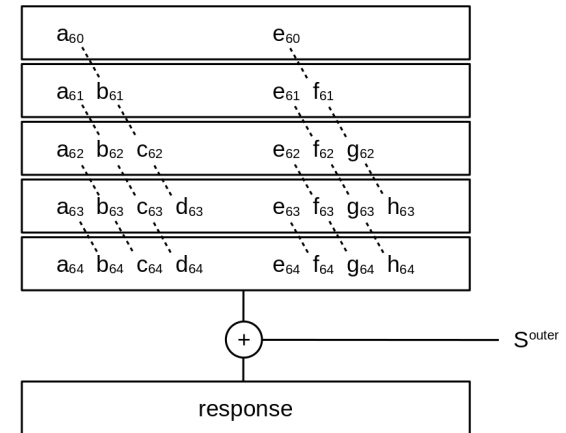
- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$

Known from response - S^{outer}



Known from challenge and S^{inner}

$\Rightarrow a_{64} = \text{known data} + h_{63}$

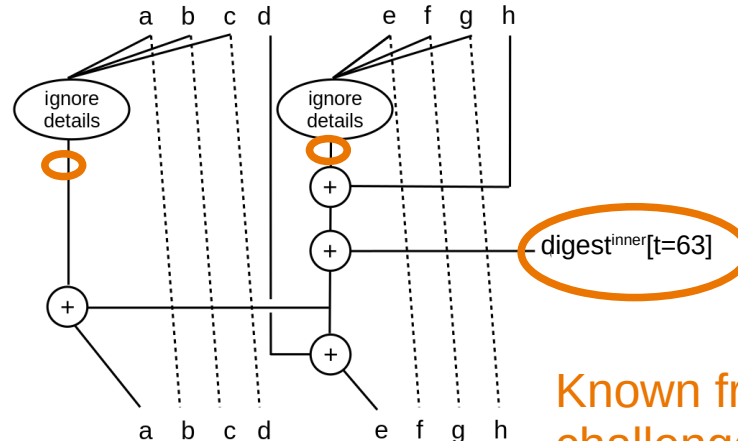


New attack strategy

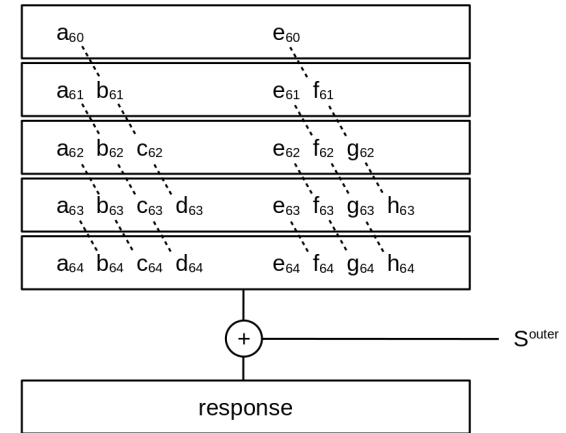
New attack on S^{outer}

- Optimize disclosure of $S^{outer}[0,4]$

Known from response - S^{outer}



Known from challenge and S^{inner}



$\Rightarrow a_{64} = \text{known data} + e_{60}$

New attack strategy

New attack on S^{outer}

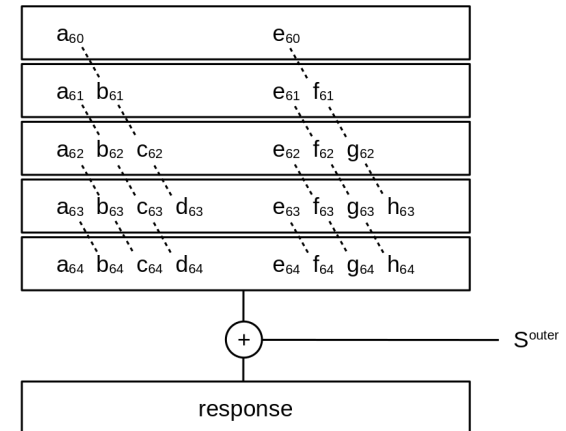
- Optimize disclosure of $S^{\text{outer}}[0,4]$:

e_{60} leakage $\Rightarrow S^{\text{outer}}[0]$

a_{63} leakage $\Rightarrow S^{\text{outer}}[1]$

a_{62} leakage $\Rightarrow S^{\text{outer}}[2]$

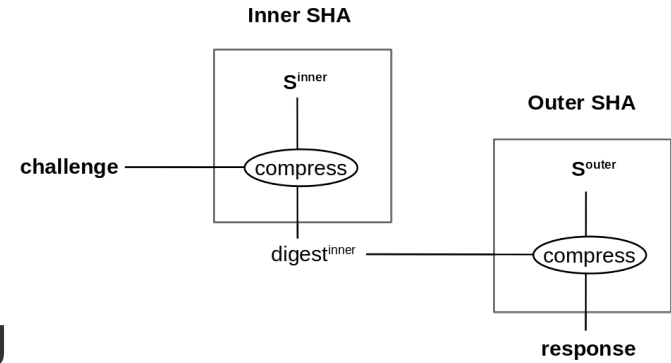
a_{61} leakage $\Rightarrow S^{\text{outer}}[3]$



New attack strategy

Summary:

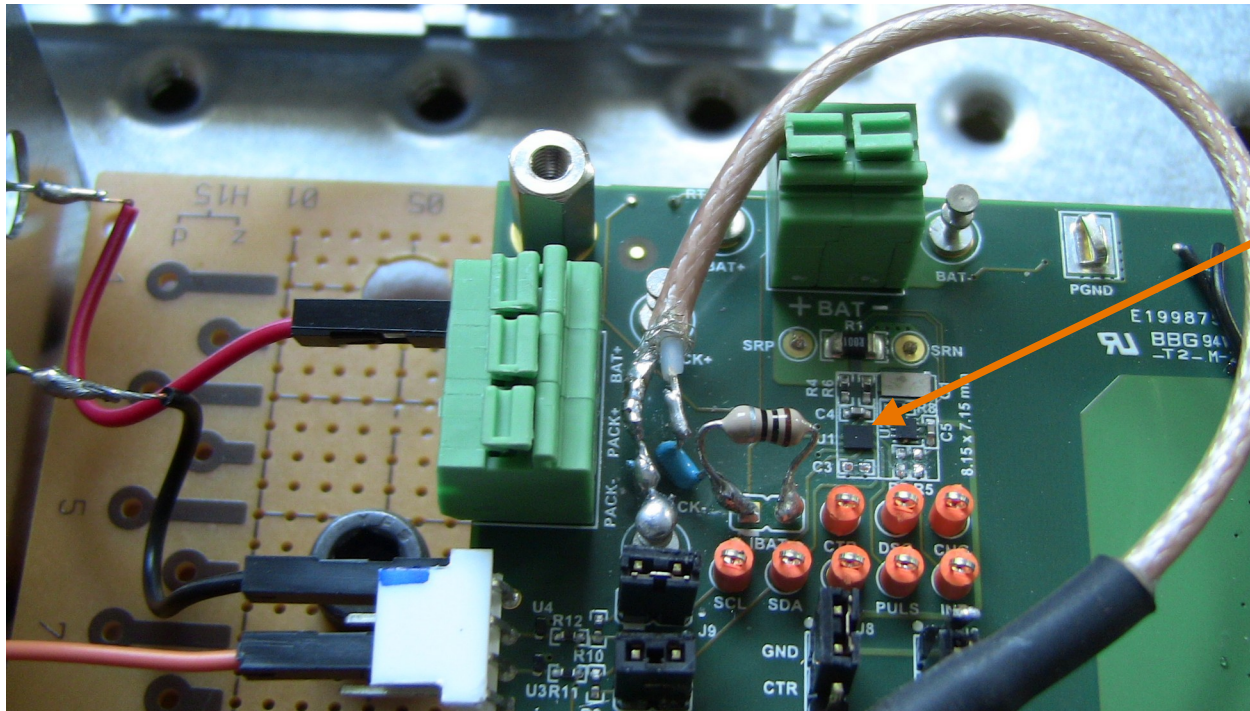
- New attack on HMAC only targeting persistent variables a and e .
- Applicable similar to SHA1 and SHA512
- Not applicable to SHA384 due to truncated response



Outline

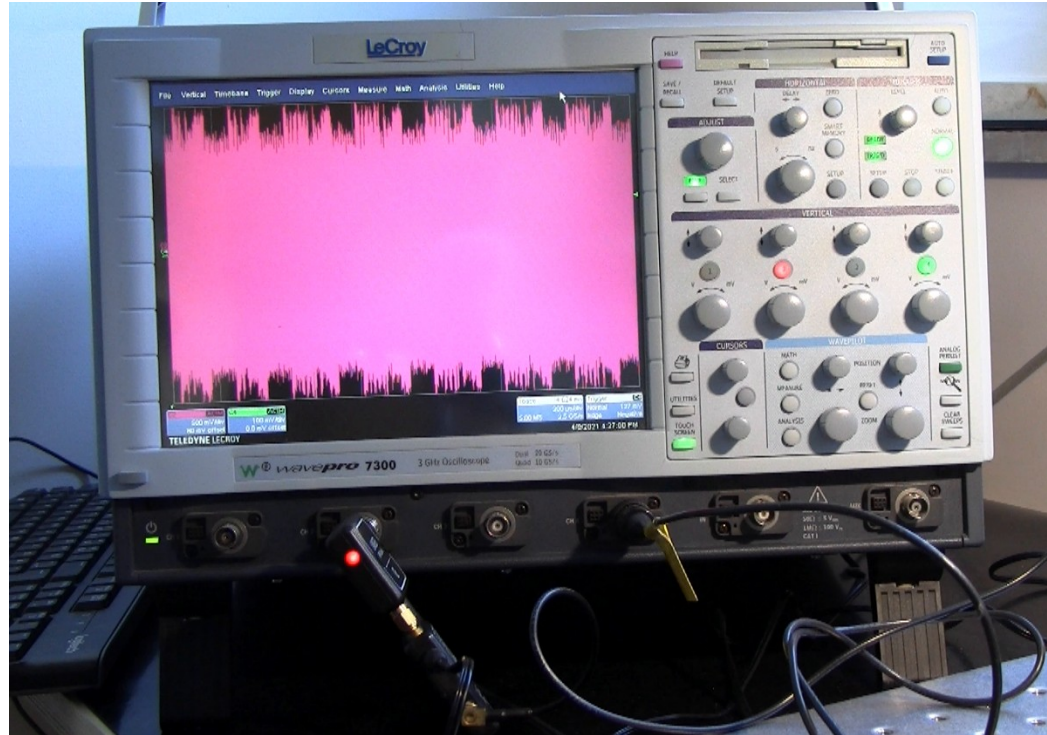
- HMAC-SHA256
- New attack strategy
- Attack demonstration on the Bq27Z561 battery IC ←
- Alternative approach to accessory authentication

Attack demonstration



Bq27z561
fuel gauge

Attack demonstration



Alternative approach

Hardware intrinsic accessory authentication

- Cheaper than certified security controllers
- Our solution is based on MCU intrinsic timing properties
- SIMPL = SIMulation Possible but Laborious is sufficient for the use case

The End



Thank you for your attention!

Contact:

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www.segrids.com